## 2024 FACT SHEET CHILDCARE IN MINNESOTA



**Child Care Centers:** Also referred to as daycare centers. Typically based in commercial property, but also in faith-based facilities. Can be for-profit or not-for-profit.

**Family Child Care:** Frequently referred to as a home daycare and typically based in the provider's home.

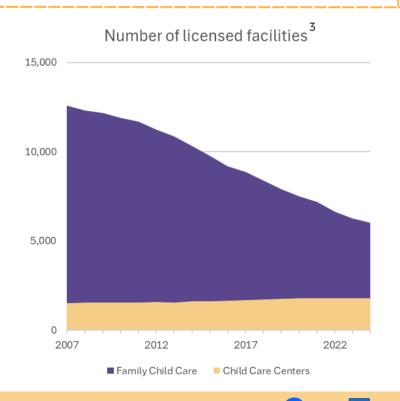


Annual cost of **center-based infant child care** in 2024:

**\$20,165**<sup>4</sup>

**Undergraduate resident tuition** at the University of Minnesota in 2024:

\$15,148<sup>°</sup>





**Minnesota** is among the **10 most affordable states for family child care.**<sup>2</sup>



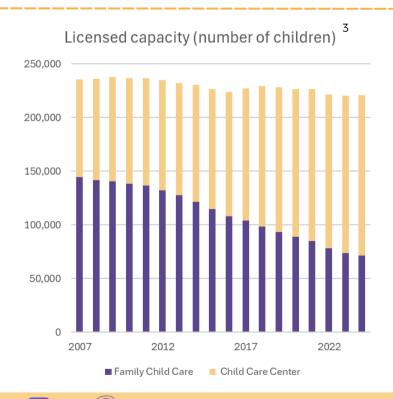
However, since 2014, **Minnesota has lost over 4,000** family child care businesses.<sup>3</sup>

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Family child care providers are more likely to be outside the Twin Cities metro area: **66%** are located in Greater Minnesota.<sup>6</sup>



## 2024 FACT SHEET CHILDCARE IN MINNESOTA



"The current child care business model is not sustainable in Greater Minnesota." <sup>7</sup> Costs (excluding labor) for providing child care are consistent statewide, but providers in Greater Minnesota cannot charge as much tuition as providers in the Twin Cities.

"In Greater Minnesota, **families have more** access to public provided child care (e.g. Head Start) than in the Twin Cities, **but less access to** center-based child care." <sup>2</sup>

# Net Change in Child Care Capacity by Region 2000-2020

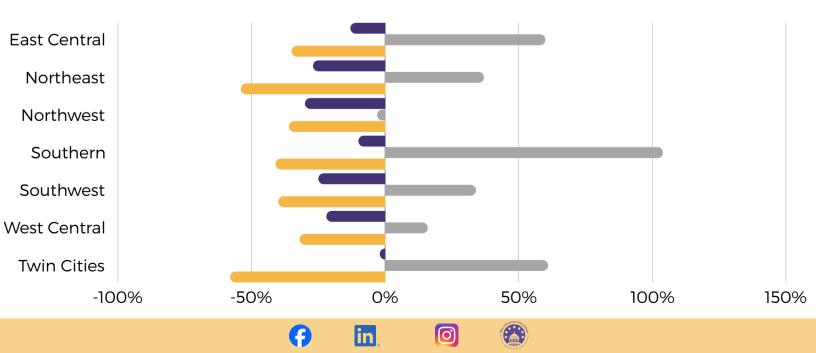
Family Child Care Capacity Change

Center Child Care Capacity Change

"Since the pandemic began, and especially in the last couple of years, the decline of family child care providers has accelerated while the growth in the child care centers has slowed." <sup>8</sup>

Due to COVID-19 supports, like the Child Care Stabilization Grant Program, **family child care annual revenue was increased by over \$10,000** and child care centers went from a net loss to a **three percent profit margin.**<sup>7</sup>

Change in combined capacity



## 2024 FACT SHEET CHILDCARE IN MINNESOTA





#### Low median wages for child care workers

The median hourly wage for child care workers in Minnesota is \$14.53.
 Compare this to kindergarten teachers in the state, who earn on average \$31 an hour.<sup>2</sup>



### Access to child care is especially critical for Minnesota's Black mothers

 In Minnesota, 65% of Black mothers with children under 18 are single parents, while the figure is 56% for Native American, 40% for Latina, 29% for Asian, and 22% for white mothers.<sup>2</sup>



#### Majority of child care workers are women

- 96% of child care workers in Minnesota are women.<sup>2</sup>
- For a childcare worker earning the median wage, it would cost 66% of her income to put her own child in infant care, compared the standard of 7% set by U.S. Health and Human Services.<sup>1</sup>

### **CHILD CARE REGULATION MODERNIZATION**

As a result of legislation in 2021, **the Department of Human Services (DHS)** has been developing new licensing standards for both child care centers and family child care. Initially, DHS planned to use the feedback collected over the

summer of 2024 to create a third and final draft of the revised licensing standards that would have been proposed in the 2025 legislative session. However, on August 12, 2024,

DHS announced they plan to wait until 2026 to suggest new standards.

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More info available at the DHS website.

1. Economic Policy Institute8. Minneapolis Federal Reserve May 20232. 2024 Status of Women and Girls +9. Center for Rural Policy and Development 20213. Data from Department of Human Services0FFICE ON THE ECONOMIC STATUS OF WOMEN4. Child Care Aware Cost of Care April 20240

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7. 2023 Minnesota Child Care Cost Modeling Report

5. University of Minnesota Tuition 2024-2025

6. Wilder Research 2023